

TRAFFIC IMPACT

ANALYSIS

All TIA comments will be sent via email from Andrew Spiliotis, the Town's Transportation Planner.

FOR

TERRAVITA

LOCATED

IN

KNIGHTDALE, NC

Prepared For:

Terravita Development, LLC 933 Old Knight Road Knightdale, NC 27545

NOVEMBER 2024

DRMP Project No. 24682

Prepared By: <u>CDS</u>

Reviewed By: CTS





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Unt. Sitt

11/13/24

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> **Prepared By:** DRMP, Inc. License #F-1524

TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS TERRAVITA

Knightdale, North Carolina

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1. Development Overview

A Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) was conducted for the proposed Terravita development in accordance with the Knightdale (Town) Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) and North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) capacity analysis guidelines. The proposed Terravita development is to be located south of Buffaloe Road between Quiet Oaks Drive and Bobbitt Drive in Knightdale, North Carolina. The proposed development, anticipated to be completed in 2029, is assumed to consist of 170 single-family lots and 75 townhomes. Access to the parcel is proposed via one full movement driveway along Buffaloe Road and internal connections to Quiet Oaks Road, Bobbitt Drive, Proc Ridge Lane, and the Old Knight Road extension (a part of the Weldon Village adjacent development).

2. Existing Traffic Conditions

The study area for the TIA was determined through coordination with the Town and consists of the following existing intersections:

- Buffaloe Road and Lucas Road
- Buffaloe Road and Quiet Oaks Drive
- Buffaloe Road and Bobbitt Drive
- Buffaloe Road and Horton Road
- Horton Road and Horton Mill Drive
- Horton Road and Old Knight Road
- Horton Road and Lucas Road

Existing peak hour traffic volumes were determined based on traffic counts conducted at the study intersection listed above, in October of 2024 during a typical weekday AM (7:00 AM – 9:00 AM) and PM (4:00 PM – 6:00 PM) peak periods. Traffic volumes were balanced between study intersections, where appropriate.



3. Future Traffic Conditions

Through coordination with the Town, it was determined that an annual growth rate of 3% would be used to generate 2030 (build-out+1) projected weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes. Per the Town's UDO, a 3% growth rate was applied to the existing traffic counts to project to the year 2030. For the +10 future analysis required by the Town UDO, traffic was projected beyond 2030 using a 1% growth rate. The following adjacent developments were identified to be included as an approved adjacent development in this study:

- Haywood Glen
- Weldon Village
- Brio Development

Based on coordination with the Town, no roadway improvement projects are planned within the study area.

4. Site Trip Generation

Average weekday daily, AM peak hour, and PM peak hour trips for the proposed development were estimated using methodology contained within the ITE Trip Generation Manual, 11.1th Edition. Table E-1 provides a summary of the trip generation potential for the site.

Table E	-1: Site	Trip	Generation
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Land Use (ITE Code)	Intensity	Daily Traffic (ypd)	Weel AM Pea Trips	kday k Hour (vph)	Weekday PM Peak Hour Trips (vph)		
		(vpa)	Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit	
Single Family Lots (210)	170 DU	1,644	30	91	103	61	
Townhomes (215)	75 DU	522	8	25	24	17	
Total Trips	2,166	38	116	127	78		

5. Capacity Analysis Summary

The analysis considered weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic for 2024 existing, 2030 nobuild, 2030 build, and 2039 future conditions. Refer to Section 7 of the TIA for the capacity analysis summary performed at each study intersection.



6. Recommendations

Based on the findings of this study, specific geometric and traffic control improvements have been identified at study intersections. The improvements are summarized below and are illustrated in Figure E-1.

Improvements by Weldon Village

Horton Road and Old Knight Road

- Construct southbound approach (of Old Knight Road) with one ingress lane and one egress lane.
- Provide stop control for southbound approach.
- Construct eastbound left turn lane (on Horton Road) with 100' of storage plus appropriate deceleration and taper.

Recommended Modifications by Developer

Buffaloe Road and Site Access

• Construct northbound approach (of the proposed site access) with one ingress lane and one egress lane. Provide stop-control for the northbound approach.





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TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

Terravita Knightdale, North Carolina

1. INTRODUCTION

The contents of this report present the findings of the Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) conducted for the proposed Terravita residential development to be located south of Buffaloe Road between Quiet Oaks Drive and Bobbitt Drive in Knightdale, North Carolina. The purpose of this study is to determine the potential impacts to the surrounding transportation system created by traffic generated by the proposed development, as well as recommend improvements to mitigate the impacts.

The proposed development, anticipated to be completed in 2029, is assumed to consist of the following uses:

- 170 single-family homes
- 75 townhomes

Per the Town of Knightdale's Unified Development Ordinance (UDO), the study analyzes traffic conditions during the weekday AM and PM peak hours for the following scenarios:

- 2024 Existing Traffic Conditions
- 2030 (build year+1) No-Build Traffic Conditions
- 2030 (build year+1) Build Traffic Conditions
- 2039 (build year+10) Future Traffic Conditions

1.1. Site Location and Study Area

Refer to Figure 1 for the site location map.

The study area for the TIA was determined through coordination with the Town of Knightdale (Town) and consists of the following existing intersections:

- Buffaloe Road and Lucas Road
- Buffaloe Road and Quiet Oaks Drive
- Buffaloe Road and Bobbitt Drive
- Buffaloe Road and Horton Road

- Horton Road and Horton Mill Drive
- Horton Road and Old Knight Road
- Horton Road and Lucas Road

1.2. Proposed Land Use and Site Access

The proposed development is assumed to consist of the following uses:

- 170 single-family homes
- 75 townhomes

Access is proposed via one (1) new full movement driveway along Buffaloe Road and internal connections to Quiet Oaks Road, Bobbitt Drive, Proc Ridge Lane, and the Old Knight Road extension (a part of the Weldon Village adjacent development). Refer to Figure 2 for a copy of the preliminary site plan.

1.3. Adjacent Land Uses

The proposed development is located in an area consisting primarily of residential development.

1.4. Existing Roadways

Existing lane configurations (number of traffic lanes on each intersection approach), speed limits, storage capacities, and other intersection and roadway information within the study area are shown in Figure 3. Table 1 provides a summary of this information, as well.



Road Name	Route Number	Typical Cross Section Speed Limit		2023 AADT (vpd)
Buffaloe Road	SR 2215	2-lane undivided	45 mph	3,900
Lucas Road	SR 2260	2-lane 45 mph undivided		1,200
Bobbitt Drive	N/A	N/A 2-lane Not Posted undivided mph assum		*
Horton Road	on Road SR 2231 2-lane undivided		45 mph	1,900
Horton Mill Drive	rton Mill Drive N/A 2-lane N undivided m		Not Posted (25 mph assumed)	*
Old Knight Road	SR 2049	2-lane undivided	45 mph	*

Table 1: Existing Roadway Inventory

*ADT based on the traffic counts from 2023 and assuming the weekday PM peak hour volume is 10% of the average daily traffic.







×C	E ARE	A TAE	BLE	LO	ΓA	RE/	۲ <i>۲</i>	٨BL	E							
	ACTIVE	PASSIVE	COMMON	LOT #	(AC)	(SF)	1 OT #	(AC)	(SF)	LOTE	(AC)	(SF)	I OT #	(AC)	(SF)	ī
N	OPEN	OPEN	OPEN	19	0.10	(0.7)	74	0.10	4.140	140	0.11	4,000	2014	0.19	6.030	
E	SPACE	SPACE	SPACE	15	0.10	4,211	10	0.10	4,144	140	0.11	4,100	227	0.10	7,002	
SF)	AREA (SF)	AREA (SF)	AREA (SF)	14	0.10	4,199	79	0.10	4,149	141	0.11	4,900	230	0.16	1,080	
6	15,535	12,410	44,841	15	0.10	4,199	80	0.10	4,150	142	0.11	4,900	231	0.16	7,080	
3	11.299	0	17.764	16	0.10	4,198	81	0.10	4,184	143	0.11	4,900	232	0.16	7,080	
4	0	5,824	0	17	0.12	5,043	82	0.15	6,446	144	0.13	5,880	233	0.16	7,080	
43	34,908	27,162	76,773	18	0.12	5,046	83	0.14	6,306	145	0.11	4,900	234	0.16	7,080	Ĺ
9	0	3,739	0	19	0.10	4,200	84	0.10	4,189	146	0.11	4,900	235	0.16	7,080	l
2	0	6502	0	20	0.10	4,200	85	0.10	4,153	147	0.11	4,881	236	0.16	7,080	Ĺ
7	0	11,507	0	21	0.10	4,200	86	0.10	4,149	149	0.06	2,540	237	0.16	7,080	Ĺ
12	89,301	129,119	73,522	22	0.13	5.627	87	0 10	4 149	150	0.06	2,645	238	0.16	7,080	i
	0	0	619	23	0.13	5.677	88	0.10	4 168	151	0.06	2,709	239	0.16	7,080	Ĺ
3	0	0	1,044	24	0.11	4 900	4.7	0.10	4 109	15.2	0.09	3 971	240	0.16	7.080	Ĺ
)	0	0	600	2.	0.11	5.001		0.10	4,000	15.0	0.00	3,450	241	0.16	7.080	
3	0	0	1,823	20	0.11	1.000	-10	0.10	4,200	100	0.01	0,100	242	0.16	7.080	
1	0	0 15 845	18,191	29	0.11	4,044	91	0.10	4,200	154	0.06	2,105	242	0.10	7,000	
8	24,299	0	21,869	30	0.17	1,266	92	0.21	9,170	155	0.06	2,694	240	0.16	1,150	
6	3,466	0	0	31	0.11	4,900	93	0.17	7,592	15.6	0.09	3,876	244	0.23	10,012	
в	0	0	9,668	32	0.11	4,900	94	0.10	4,200	158	0.06	2,640	245	0.22	9,670	
10	186,425	218,003	485,845	33	0.11	4,900	95	0.10	4,200	159	0.06	2,640	1007	0.15	6,502	
З	4.28	5.00	11.15	34	0.14	6,128	96	0.10	4,200	160	0.06	2,640				
				35	0.12	5,249	97	0.10	4,200	161	0.06	2,640				
				36	0.12	5,249	98	0.10	4,200	162	0.06	2,640				
		,		37	0.12	5,249	99	0.10	4,200	163	0.09	3,840				
5	1 B-B		12	38	0.12	5,249	100	0.10	4,216	165	0.06	2,640				
	10'	2,51 5	15 MN.	39	0.12	5,232	101	0.15	6.479	166	0.06	2,640				
T	ç 🗍 🔶	TA I		40	0.12	5.287	102	0.15	6 735	167	0.06	2,640	0	PEN	N	
۰I,	POINT 1/4-	ET 1/4	VET DUT	41	0.10	4 400	103	0.10	4 200	168	0.06	2.640	SF	PAC	E	
1	11/1 00	90	DEWALK	42	0.10	4 400	104	0.10	4 200	169	0.09	3.843	1.07.#	(AC)	(SF)	٦
_	2/2"	9.0B		42	0.10	4.401	104	0.10	4,200	170	0.04	3,427	1000	0.07	70.744	-
ΞN	JE STRE	ET SEC	TION	40	0.10	4,401	105	0.10	4,200	174	0.04	0,121	1000	1.01	12,100	-
BLIC	RIGHT-OF-WAY	<u>،</u>		44	0.10	4,401	106	0.10	4,200	170	0.00	2,040	1001	0.17	1,611	4
4	-7 B-B	2,5 4	5 2.5	45	0.12	5,423	107	0.10	4,200	112	0.06	2,640	1003	0.13	5,824	
-+	10 10	+ 6 .	MIN.	46	0.10	4,401	108	0.10	4,200	173	0.06	2,631	1004	3.19	138,843	j.
	GRADE		The state	47	0.10	4,401	109	0.10	4,200	174	0.06	2,623	1005	0.09	3,739	
-	1/47	ET 02	EWALK ATA	48	0.10	4,401	110	0.14	6,026	175	0.09	3,806	1006	0.13	5,875	
1	L-1½" 59	1.5B	ч	49	0.10	4,401	111	0.13	5,466	176	0.09	3,956	1007	0.15	6,502	
IN -	STREET		N	50	0.12	5,180	112	0.10	4,200	177	0.06	2,804	1008	0.26	11,507	٦
9 19 1			<u> </u>	51	0.10	4,200	113	0.10	4,200	178	0.07	2,911	1009	6.70	291,942	2
POBL	31 B-B	11.5	1	52	0.10	4,200	114	0.10	4,197	179	0.07	3,050	1010	0.01	619	1
13	13	256 5	0.5 MIN.	53	0.10	4,200	115	0.10	4,165	180	0.07	3,221	1011	0.02	1,049	1
Ļ.	ę 🏦		t	54	0.10	4,200	116	0.10	4,149	181	0.11	4,993	1012	0.09	3,754	1
FT	POINT 1/2	1/ET 1/4/F	منتخبذها ا	55	0 13	5 5 1 1	117	0.10	4 149	182	0.08	3,552	1014	0.04	1.823	1
		SIDEN	ALK	56	0.10	4 390	118	0.10	4 155	183	0.06	2,581	1015	0.45	19 419	
	-2/2 8' A	99.5A BC		=7	0.10	4 848	440	0.10	4.100	184	0.06	2.668	1016	0.40	15 0.65	-
	AL STRE	ET SECT	ION	57	0.10	4,010	119	0.10	4,172	185	0.00	4.457	1010	0.50	15,005	-
т.О.	K. STD. DET,	AIL 3.02		50	0.10	4,971	120	0.13	5,400	100	0.07	0.407	1017	1.06	40,100	4
PUBL	C RIGHT-OF-W. 36' B-B	AY , 6.	51	59	0.10	4,219	121	0.15	0,000	101	0.01	2,001	1018	0.08	2,400	4
13'	11	7 25 6	- AS	60	0.10	4,211	12.2	0.12	5,430	100	0.06	2,110	1019	0.22	9,668	
μ.	e 🏦	Ĩ		61	0.11	4,950	123	0.12	5,405	189	0.06	2,120				
FT	POINT 1/2	17/FT 1/4	/FTD:	62	0.17	7,304	124	0.12	5,429	190	0.06	2,713				
			DENVALK44	63	0.10	4,200	125	0.12	5,353	191	0.06	2,713				
	-2½ 8 A	99.5A ^{DI} BC		64	0.10	4,200	126	0.12	5,318	192	0.09	3,812				
C/	AL STRE	ET SECI	ION	65	0.10	4,200	127	0.12	5,320	210	0.06	2,640				
	EL PARK	ING (1 S	IDE)	66	0.10	4,200	128	0.14	6,306	211	0.06	2,640				
				67	0.10	4,200	129	0.13	5,746	212	0.06	2,640				
				68	0.10	4,200	130	0.11	4,900	213	0.09	3,840				
	TE RIGHT-OF-W	/AY		69	0.10	4,200	131	0.11	4,900	220	0.06	2,643				
	16	+ 2	-1	70	0.15	6,485	132	0.11	4,900	221	0.06	2,640				
₽.	- e 🏦			71	0,16	6,862	133	0.11	4,900	222	0.09	3,840				
	GRADE	1/2/F	.	70	0.10	4 200	184	0.11	4 784	223	0.22	9,600				
ĘŢ		4/F1	_	78	0.10	4 200	19=	0.14	7,884	224	0.25	10,724				
	-2½- 8- A	99.5A BC		74	0.10	4 200	100	0.10	5.009	275	0.11	9.600				
_ A	LLEY SE	ECTION		75	0.10	4 200	100	0.12	5,040	276	0.11	9.600				
т.О.	K. STD. DET,	AIL 3.01		15	0.10	4,200	137	0.12	5,141	220	0.22	1,000				
				76	0.10	4,199	138	0.14	5,908	221	0.22	4,000				
				77	0.10	4,175	139	0.14	5,936	228	0.22	ч,600	I			

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THE CONCEPTUAL PLAN WAS PREPARED BY CHARLES R. WALKER, III, PLA AND ENTITLEMENT PRESERVATION GROUP.
- 2. THIS PLAN IS CONCEPTUAL IN NATURE AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE AS DESIGN PROGRESSES
- 3. BOUNDARY INFORMATION IS TAKEN FROM A SURVEY BY THIS OFFICE
- SITE TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION IS TAKEN FROM A COMBINATION OF DATA FROM A SURVEY PERFORMED BY THIS OFFICE AND WAKE COUNTY GIS INFORMATION.
- PLANEMETRIC AND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION FOR AREAG OUTSIDE OF THIS SITE ARE TAKEN FRO WAKE COUNTY GIS INFORMATION.
- ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE TOWN O KNIGHTDALE, NODOT, AND NODEQ STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 7. THERE ARE NO FEMA DESIGNATED FLOOD ZONES LOCATED ON THIS PROPERTY
- EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING ABOVE AND BELOW GROUND UTILITY FIELD LOCATION PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION.
- 9. NO NEW BUFFER IMPACTS SHALL OCCUR PRIOR TO APPROVAL FROM NCDEQ.
- 10. WETLAND AND STREAM BUFFER LOCATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO FIELD VERIFICATION.
- 11. STORMWATER CONTROL MEASURES ARE CONCEPTUAL AND ARE SUBJECT TO FUTURE SIZING CALCULATIONS AND DESIGN.



SHEET #

C2.00

PRIEST, CRAVEN & ASSOCIATES, INC. LAND USE CONSULTANTS PLANNERS / LANDSCAPE DESIGNERS / SURVEYORS / ENGINEERS

LAND USE CONSULTANTS PLANNERS / LANDSCAPE DESIGNERS / SURVEYORS / ENGINEERS 1803 - B Computer Drive, Suite 104 Raleigh, NC. 27609. Phone 919 / 781-0300. Fax 919 / 782-1288. Email PCA@PriestCraven.com / Firm #: C-0488



2. 2024 EXISTING PEAK HOUR CONDITIONS

2.1. 2024 Existing Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

Existing peak hour traffic volumes were determined based on traffic counts conducted at the study intersections listed below, in October of 2024 during a typical weekday AM (7:00 AM – 9:00 AM) and PM (4:00 PM – 6:00 PM) peak periods:

- Buffaloe Road and Lucas Road
- Buffaloe Road and Quiet Oaks Drive
- Buffaloe Road and Bobbitt Drive
- Buffaloe Road and Horton Road
- Horton Road and Horton Mill Drive
- Horton Road and Old Knight Road
- Horton Road and Lucas Road

Weekday AM and PM traffic volumes were balanced between study intersections, where appropriate. It should be noted that traffic volumes at the intersection of Buffaloe Road and Quiet Oaks Drive were not recorded. Google Earth and the Town parcel map shows that 16 single family homes are located along Quiet Oaks Drive. The Institute for Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual, 11th edition, was used to generate traffic for those 16 single-family homes. Through volumes were then balanced along Buffaloe Road with the Lucas Road intersection. Refer to Figure 4 for 2024 existing weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes. A copy of the count data is located in Appendix B of this report.

2.2. Analysis of Existing Peak Hour Traffic Conditions

The 2024 existing weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes were analyzed to determine the current levels of service at the study intersections under existing roadway conditions. The results of the analysis are presented in Section 7 of this report.





Note: Based on NCDOT Congestion Management guidelines, a volume of 4 vehicles per hour (vph) was analyzed for any movement with less than 4 vph.



3. 2030 NO-BUILD PEAK HOUR CONDITIONS

In order to account for growth of traffic and subsequent traffic conditions at a future year, no-build traffic projections are needed. No-build traffic is the component of traffic due to the growth of the community and surrounding area that is anticipated to occur regardless of whether or not the proposed development is constructed. No-build traffic is comprised of existing traffic growth within the study area and additional traffic created as a result of adjacent approved developments.

3.1. Ambient Traffic Growth

Through coordination with the Town, it was determined that an annual growth rate of 3% would be used to generate 2030 projected weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes. Per the Town UDO, a 1% growth rate was applied to the projected traffic for every year after 2030 in the future analysis. Refer to Figures 5a and 5b for 2030 and 2039 projected peak hour traffic, respectively.

3.2. Adjacent Development Traffic

Through coordination with the Town, the following adjacent developments were identified to be included as an approved adjacent development in this study:

- Haywood Glen
- Weldon Village
- Brio Development

Table 2, on the following page, provides a summary of the adjacent developments.



Development Name	Location	Build-Out Year	Land Use / Intensity	TIA Performed
Haywood Glen	Southeast quadrant of Horton Road and Old Knight Road	2025	107 single-family homes and 10,000 s.f. of commercial	N/A Trip generation letter applied to roadway network
Weldon Village	South of proposed site, internal connectivity proposed	2029	Mixed-use consisting of residential, office, and retail	October 2022 By RKA
Brio Development	South of Buffaloe Road, west of Lucas Road	2027	Mixed-use residential and retail	May 2021 By RKA

Table 2: Adjacent Development Information

The Haywood Glen development is expected to be constructed by the end of 2025. After the TIA was approved, a trip generation letter was done for the proposed site, adding on commercial square footage. The trip generation from the letter was distributed based on distributions for the proposed site and engineering judgement. Weldon Village is expected to be constructed the same year as the proposed development and are proposed to have interconnectivity. Roadway improvements at the intersection of Horton Road and Old Knight Road are considered under all future analysis conditions of the proposed site. The Brio development along Buffaloe Road, west of the proposed site, is expected to be constructed by the end of 2027. Site trips expected to utilize the study area were included in all future analysis.

It should be noted that the adjacent developments were approved, during scoping, by the Town. Adjacent development trips are shown in Figure 6. Adjacent development information can be found in Appendix C.

3.3. Future Roadway Improvements

Based on coordination with the Town, it was determined there were no future roadway improvements to consider with this study.



3.4. No-Build Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

The 2030 no-build traffic volumes were determined by projecting the 2024 existing peak hour traffic to the year 2030, and adding the adjacent development trips. For the future analysis, a 1% growth rate was applied beyond the year 2030 to 2039. Refer to Figures 7a and 7b for illustrations of the 2030 and 2039 no-build peak hour traffic volumes at the study intersections.

3.5. Analysis of No-Build Peak Hour Traffic Conditions

The 2030 no-build AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at the study intersections were analyzed with future geometric roadway conditions and traffic control. The analysis results are presented in Section 7 of this report.

















4. SITE TRIP GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION

4.1. Trip Generation

Average weekday daily, AM peak hour, and PM peak hour trips for the proposed development were estimated using methodology contained within the ITE *Trip Generation Manual*, 11.1 Edition. Table 3 provides a summary of the trip generation potential for the site.

Land Use (ITE Code)	Intensity	Daily Traffic	Weel AM Pea Trips	(day k Hour (vph)	Weekday PM Peak Hour Trips (vph)	
		(vpu)	Enter	Exit	Enter	Exit
Single Family Lots (210)	170 DU	1,644	30	91	103	61
Townhomes (215)	75 DU	522	8	25	24	17
Total Trips		2,166	38	116	127	78

Table 3: Trip Generation Summary

It is estimated that the proposed development will generate approximately 2,166 total site trips on the roadway network during a typical 24-hour weekday period. Of the daily traffic volume, it is anticipated that 154 trips (38 entering and 116 exiting) will occur during the weekday AM peak hour and 205 trips (127 entering and 78 exiting) will occur during the weekday PM peak hour.

4.2. Site Trip Distribution and Assignment

Trip distribution percentages used in assigning site traffic for this development were estimated based on a combination of existing traffic patterns, population centers adjacent to the study area, and engineering judgment.

It is estimated that the site trips will be regionally distributed as follows:

- 30% to/from the south via Old Knight Road
- 30% to/from the west via Horton Road
- 20% to/from the west via Buffaloe Road
- 20% to/from the north via Horton Road



The site trip distribution is shown in Figure 8 and the site trip assignment is shown in Figure 9. Due to connectivity to an adjacent development, some trips are expected to be diverted to use the proposed Site Access. These diverted site trips are shown in Figure 10. The total site trips were determined by adding the site trip assignment and diverted trip assignment together. The total peak hour site trips are shown in Figure 11. It should be noted that the site trip distribution was approved by the Town during scoping.











5. BUILD AND FUTURE TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

5.1. Build and Future Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

To estimate traffic conditions with the site fully built-out, the total site trips were added to the 2030 and 2039 no-build traffic volumes to determine the 2030 build and 2039 future traffic volumes. Refer to Figures 12a and 12b for an illustration of the 2030 build and 2039 future peak hour traffic volumes with the proposed site fully developed.

5.2. Analysis of Build and Future Peak Hour Traffic Conditions

Study intersections were analyzed with the 2030 build and 2039 future traffic volumes using the same methodology previously discussed for existing and no-build traffic conditions. Intersections were analyzed with improvements to accommodate future traffic volumes, if necessary. The results of the capacity analysis for each intersection are presented in Section 7 of this report.





Scale: Not to Scale Figure 12a





6. TRAFFIC ANALYSIS PROCEDURE

Study intersections were analyzed using the methodology outlined in the *Highway Capacity Manual* (HCM), 6th Edition published by the Transportation Research Board. Capacity and level of service are the design criteria for this traffic study. A computer software package, Synchro (Version 11.1), was used to complete the analyses for the study area intersections. Please note that the unsignalized capacity analysis does not provide an overall level of service for an intersection; only delay for an approach with a conflicting movement.

The HCM defines capacity as "the maximum hourly rate at which persons or vehicles can reasonably be expected to traverse a point or uniform section of a lane or roadway during a given time period under prevailing roadway, traffic, and control conditions." Level of service (LOS) is a term used to represent different driving conditions and is defined as a "qualitative measure describing operational conditions within a traffic stream, and their perception by motorists and/or passengers." Level of service varies from Level "A" representing free flow, to Level "F" where breakdown conditions are evident. Refer to Table 4 for HCM levels of service and related average control delay per vehicle for both signalized and unsignalized intersections. Control delay as defined by the HCM includes "initial deceleration delay, queue move-up time, stopped delay, and final acceleration delay". An average control delay of 50 seconds at a signalized intersection results in LOS "D" operation at the intersection.

UNSIGN/	ALIZED INTERSECTION	SIGNALIZED INTERSECTION				
LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAGE CONTROL DELAY PER VEHICLE (SECONDS)	LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAGE CONTROL DELAY PER VEHICLE (SECONDS)			
А	0-10	А	0-10			
В	10-15	В	10-20			
С	15-25	С	20-35			
D	25-35	D	35-55			
E	35-50	E	55-80			
F	>50	F	>80			

Table 4: Highway Capacity Manual – Levels-of-Service and Delay

6.1. Adjustments to Analysis Guidelines

Capacity analysis at all study intersections was completed according to the NCDOT Congestion Management Guidelines.



7. CAPACITY ANALYSIS

The following study intersections were analyzed under 2024 existing, 2030 no-build, 2030 build, and 2039 future traffic conditions:

- Buffaloe Road and Lucas Road
- Buffaloe Road and Quiet Oaks Drive
- Buffaloe Road and Bobbitt Drive
- Buffaloe Road and Horton Road
- Horton Road and Horton Mill Drive
- Horton Road and Old Knight Road
- Horton Road and Lucas Road

The proposed site access was analyzed under 2030 build and 2039 future traffic conditions. Refer to Tables 5-12 for a summary of capacity analysis results. Refer to Appendices D-L for the Synchro capacity analysis reports and SimTraffic queueing reports.



7.1. Buffaloe Road and Lucas Road

Refer to the table below for a summary of the capacity analysis of the subject intersection during the analysis scenarios.

A P P ANALYSIS R LANE			WEEKI PEAK LEVEL OF	DAY AM HOUR SERVICE	WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)	
2024 Existing	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A	
2030 No- Build	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (13) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (14) ²	N/A	
2030 Build	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (13) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (14) ²	N/A	
2039 Future	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (14) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ C (15) ²	N/A	

Table 5: Analysis Summary of Buffaloe Road and Lucas Road

1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of all traffic conditions indicates the major street left-turn movement is expected to operate at LOS A during the AM and PM peak hours. Additionally, the minor street approach is expected to operate at LOS C or better during the AM and PM peak hours. No significant queuing is expected at the intersection.



7.2. Buffaloe Road and Quiet Oaks Drive

Refer to the table below for a summary of the capacity analysis of the subject intersection during the analysis scenarios.

ANALYSIS	A P R LANE		WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2024 Existing	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ A (10) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A
2030 No- Build	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (10) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A
2030 Build	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (12) ²	N/A
2039 Future	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (12) ²	N/A

Table 6: Analysis Summary of Buffaloe Road and Quiet Oaks Drive

1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of all traffic conditions indicates the major street left-turn movement is expected to operate at LOS A during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Additionally, the minor street approach is expected to operate at an overall LOS B or better during the AM and PM peak hours. No significant queuing is expected at the intersection.



7.3. Buffaloe Road and Bobbitt Drive

Refer to the table below for a summary of the capacity analysis of the subject intersection during the analysis scenarios.

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2024 Existing	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ A (10) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (10) ²	N/A
2030 No-Build	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (10) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A
2030 Build	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ A (10) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A
2039 Future	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (10) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A

Table 7: Analysis Summary of Buffaloe Road and Bobbitt Drive

1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of all traffic conditions indicates the major street left-turn movement is expected to operate at LOS A during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Additionally, the minor street approach is expected to operate at an overall LOS B or better during the AM and PM peak hours. No significant queuing is expected at the intersection.



7.4. Buffaloe Road and Horton Road

Refer to the table below for a summary of the capacity analysis of the subject intersection during the analysis scenarios.

ANALYSIS SCENARIO	A P P R	LANE	WEEKI PEAK LEVEL OF	WEEKDAY AM WEEKD PEAK HOUR PEAK EVEL OF SERVICE LEVEL OF		AY PM HOUR SERVICE
	О∢∪т	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2024 Existing	EB NB SB	1 LT-RT 1 LT-TH 1 TH-RT	B (11) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A	B (12) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A
2030 No- Build	EB NB SB	1 LT-RT 1 LT-TH 1 TH-RT	B (13) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A	C (16) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A
2030 Build	EB NB SB	1 LT-RT 1 LT-TH 1 TH-RT	B (13) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A	C (17)² A (8)¹ 	N/A
2039 Future	EB NB SB	1 LT-RT 1 LT-TH 1 TH-RT	B (14) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A	C (19) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A

Table 8: Analysis Summary of Buffaloe Road and Horton Road

1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of all traffic conditions indicates the major street left-turn movement is expected to operate at LOS A during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Additionally, the minor street approach is expected to operate at an overall LOS C or better during the AM and PM peak hours. No significant queuing is expected at the intersection.



7.5. Horton Road and Horton Mill Drive

Refer to the table below for a summary of the capacity analysis of the subject intersection during the analysis scenarios.

ANALYSIS SCENARIO	A P P R	WEEKDAY A PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERV		DAY AM HOUR SERVICE	WEEKD PEAK LEVEL OF	DAY PM HOUR SERVICE
	ОАСН	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2024 Existing	EB NB SB	1 LT-RT 1 LT-TH 1 TH-RT	A (9) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A	A (9) ² A (7) ¹ 	N/A
2030 No- Build	EB NB SB	1 LT-RT 1 LT-TH 1 TH-RT	A (10) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A	A (10) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A
2030 Build	EB NB SB	1 LT-RT 1 LT-TH 1 TH-RT	A (10) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A	A (10) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A
2039 Future	EB NB SB	1 LT-RT 1 LT-TH 1 TH-RT	B (10) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A	A (10) ² A (8) ¹ 	N/A

Table 9: Analysis Summary of Horton Road and Horton Mill Drive

1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of all traffic conditions indicates the major street left-turn movement is expected to operate at LOS A during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Additionally, the minor street approach is expected to operate at an overall LOS B or better during the AM and PM peak hours. No significant queuing is expected at the intersection.



7.6. Horton Road and Old Knight Road

Refer to the table below for a summary of the capacity analysis of the subject intersection during the analysis scenarios.

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2024 Existing	EB WB NB	1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH 1 LT, 1 RT	 A (7) ¹ A (10) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ A (9) ²	N/A
2030 No-Build	EB WB NB SB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH- <u>RT</u> 1 LT- <u>TH</u> , 1 RT <u>1 LT-TH-RT</u>	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ B (13) ² B (12) ²	N/A	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ B (13) ² B (13) ²	N/A
2030 Build	EB WB NB SB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH- <u>RT</u> 1 LT- <u>TH</u> , 1 RT <u>1 LT-TH-RT</u>	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ B (15) ² B (13) ²	N/A	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ C (17) ² B (15) ²	N/A
2039 Future	EB WB NB SB	<u>1 LT</u> , 1 TH-RT 1 LT-TH- <u>RT</u> 1 LT- <u>TH</u> , 1 RT <u>1 LT-TH-RT</u>	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ C (15) ² B (14) ²	N/A	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ C (18) ² C (16) ²	N/A

Table 10: Analysis Summary of Horton Road and Old Knight Road

Improvements to lane configurations by adjacent development are shown underlined.

1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of all traffic conditions indicates the major street left-turn movements are expected to operate at LOS A during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Additionally, the minor street approaches are expected to operate at an overall LOS C or better during the AM and PM peak hours. No significant queuing is expected at the intersection.

Under no-build conditions, the Weldon Village adjacent development is expected to construct the southbound approach at the intersection and construct an eastbound left turn lane with 100 feet of storage plus appropriate deceleration and taper. The Weldon Village connection with provide indirect connectivity to the proposed development. No additional improvements are recommended by the developer.



7.7. Horton Road and Lucas Road

Refer to the table below for a summary of the capacity analysis of the subject intersection during the analysis scenarios.

ANALYSIS	A P P R	LANE	WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2024 Existing	EB WB NB SB	1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT	A (8) ¹ A (7) ¹ A (10) ² A (10) ²	N/A	A (8) ¹ A (7) ¹ A (10) ² B (10) ²	N/A
2030 No-Build	EB WB NB SB	1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT	A (8) ¹ A (7) ¹ B (11) ² B (11) ²	N/A	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ B (13) ² C (15) ²	N/A
2030 Build	EB WB NB SB	1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT	A (8) ¹ A (7) ¹ B (12) ² B (12) ²	N/A	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ B (14) ² C (17) ²	N/A
2039 Future	EB WB NB SB	1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT 1 LT-TH-RT	A (8) ¹ A (7) ¹ B (12) ² B (12) ²	N/A	A (8) ¹ A (8) ¹ B (14) ² C (18) ²	N/A

Table 11: Analysis Summary of Horton Road and Lucas Road

1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of all traffic conditions indicates the major street left-turn movements are expected to operate at LOS A during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Additionally, the minor street approaches are expected to operate at an overall LOS C or better during the AM and PM peak hours. No significant queuing is expected at the intersection.



7.8. Buffaloe Road and Site Access

Refer to the table below for a summary of the capacity analysis of the subject intersection during the analysis scenarios.

ANALYSIS	A P R LANE		WEEKDAY AM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE		WEEKDAY PM PEAK HOUR LEVEL OF SERVICE	
SCENARIO	O A C H	CONFIGURATIONS	Approach	Overall (seconds)	Approach	Overall (seconds)
2030 Build	EB WB NB	1 TH- RT 1 LT -TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (12) ²	N/A
2039 Future	EB WB NB	1 TH- RT 1 LT -TH 1 LT-RT	 A (8) ¹ B (11) ²	N/A	 A (8) ¹ B (12) ²	N/A

Table 12: Analysis Summary of Buffaloe Road and Site Access

Modifications to lane configurations by developer are shown in bold.

1. Level of service for major-street left-turn movement.

2. Level of service for minor-street approach.

Capacity analysis of all the 2030 build and 2039 traffic conditions indicates the major street left-turn movement is expected to operate at LOS A during the weekday AM and PM peak hours. Additionally, the minor street approach is expected to operate at an overall LOS B or better during the AM and PM peak hours. No significant queuing is expected at the intersection.

Turn lanes along Buffaloe Road at the proposed Site Access were considered based on the NCDOT *Policy on Street and Driveway Access to North Carolina Highways*, but are not warranted based on peak hour volumes. Sight distance appears to be sufficient along Buffaloe Road at the proposed access location. As typical, actual sight distances will be measured and verified in the field as part of the driveway permitting process. No improvements are recommended by the developer.



8. CONCLUSIONS

This Traffic Impact Analysis was conducted to determine the potential traffic impacts of the Terravita development to be located south of Buffaloe Road between Quiet Oaks Drive and Bobbitt Drive in Knightdale, North Carolina. The proposed development, anticipated to be completed in 2029, is assumed to consist of 170 single-family homes and 75 townhomes. Site access is proposed via one (1) new full movement driveway along Buffaloe Road and internal connections to Quiet Oaks Road, Bobbitt Drive, Proc Ridge Lane, and the Old Knight Road extension (a part of the Weldon Village adjacent development).

The study analyzes traffic conditions during the weekday AM and PM peak hours for the following scenarios:

- 2024 Existing Traffic Conditions
- 2030 No-Build (build year+1) Traffic Conditions
- 2030 Build (build year+1) Traffic Conditions
- 2039 Future (build year+10) Traffic Conditions

Trip Generation

It is anticipated that proposed development will generate 154 total trips (38 entering and 116 exiting) during the weekday AM peak hour and 205 total trips (127 entering and 78 exiting) during the weekday PM peak hour.

Adjustments to Analysis Guidelines

Capacity analysis at all study intersections was completed according to NCDOT Congestion Management Guidelines.



9. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on the findings of this study, no specific geometric improvements have been identified to accommodate future traffic conditions. See a more detailed description of the recommended modifications below. Refer to Figure 13 for an illustration of the recommended lane configuration for the proposed development.

Improvements by Weldon Village

Horton Road and Old Knight Road

- Construct southbound approach (of Old Knight Road) with one ingress lane and one egress lane.
- Provide stop control for southbound approach.
- Construct eastbound left turn lane (on Horton Road) with 100' of storage plus appropriate deceleration and taper.

Recommended Modifications by Developer

Buffaloe Road and Site Access

• Construct northbound approach (of the proposed site access) with one ingress lane and one egress lane. Provide stop-control for the northbound approach.



